CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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25X1 SECRET side of the railway track (coming from Moscow) in Mytishchi, with an estimated frontage of approximately 500 meters. In the yards of the factory many superstructures for armored vehicles, of which a large 25X1 part were rusty. (Note: This is no doubt the factory mentioned in the USSR (PW) Questionnaire as an A.F.V. assembly plant, a rolling stock factory, and a motor vehicle plant, respectively. 25X1 Mytishchi is a town of at least 15,000 inhabitants. It is one of the few places which has a rather large, concrete railway station. It is a prominent structure because it is white in color. 25X1 (2) Continuation of the above-named electric, double-tracked railway line. to Yaroslav via Pushkino and Zagorsk. 25X1 (3) Branch railway line to Monino, via Podlipki and Bolshevo, which was also electric and definitely double-tracked up to Bolshevo. From Bolshevo onwards the line may be single-tracked up to Monino, the line's terminus. 25X1 Bolshevo to Monino is single-tracked Trains on this line run approximately every 45 minutes to one hour. For information on the railway stations Podlipki and Bolshevo see items (14) and (15) below. (4) A branch railway line from Bolshevo to Fryazino, single-tracked. Electrified in 1947, it had previously been steam-operated. (5) Main road from Moscow to Yaroslav, via Mytishchi, Pushkino, and Zagorsk. A well-maintained road. approximately 8 meters wide, with a macadam surface. 25X1 no seasonal restrictions on account of climatic conditions. Pedestrians walk on a small path at the edge of the road; there is no pavement. (6) Branch road to Bolshevo. On leaving the main road Moscow-Yaroslav, the road has at first a macadam surface, but gradually becomes worse and on reaching Bolshevo is in very poor condition. Though built to take double traffic, it has in winter only one vehicle track; when two cars meet one of them has to go off the road into the deep snow at the side. The wooden bridge over the Klyazma River (which here is approximately 15 meters wide) is in such poor condition that the Germans who were taken by bus from Bolshevo to Plant 88 in Podlipki daily had to alight so the bus could cross the bridge empty. Smaller bridges over the Klyazma River, for pedestrians, were frequently unusable because lumber was stolen from them during the winter. 25X1 Bolshevo place with approximately 5,000 to 6,000 inhabitants, although the town 25X1 covers a rather extended area along the Klyazma River. With very few exceptions, all the buildings are wooden structures with metal sheet roofs, including the Bolice Station, the Post Office, and the Fire Brigade HQ. There are two churches, one of them in use for worship, and the other partly demolished; both of them are in the vicinity of the Bolshevo railway station. There is a rather large spinning mill near the Klyazma River, a three or fourstory red brick building, with a labor force of approximately 1,000. The only

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25X1 SECRET -3other industrial enterprise in Bolshevo, also near the Klyazma River, is a metallurgical factory (products unknown), employing approximately 100 workers. The German technicians were accommodated in a former Tsar's residence which had subsequently been used as a sanitorium for film workers. Situated in the woods and fenced-in were a number of wooden buildings 25X1 (7) A new construction, approximately 50 x 50 meters and 20 meters high, part of Plant 88 of Podlipki, not quite finished 25X1 A very massive steel construction without any floors between the ground floor and roof; the new plant might well be used for the vertical assembly of V-2 rockets, a method also adopted by the Germans in Peenemuende (length of rocket - 14 meters). (8) Gray cast iron foundry, a very old and dilapidated-looking structure. (9) A three-story, concrete office building, with a frontage of 60 to 70 meters, and 15 meters wide. The ground floor contained rather large halls, whereas the first floor was divided into smaller rooms. The German technicians were employed in this building; 25X1 they were not allowed access to any other building within the area of the plant. (10) A two-story concrete office building where approximately 100 or more Soviet engineers and constructors were employed. 25X1 (11) An unknown number of several very large sheds, some of them up to 150 meters long and 40 meters wide. (serial) production of guided missiles may have been undertaken in the above-mentioned sheds, in the 25X1 yards were large pumps allegedly for use in the oil industry. loaded onto railway cars in the sidings. (Note: All the buildings mentioned under (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) above are part of Plant 88, and cover an area of approximately 800 x 800 meters. The whole complex is enclosed by a wall two meters high, the enclosure being closely guarded by armed guards (many of them females) who patrol the area as well as being posted on watchtowers. The main entrance to the plant is between the buildings (9) and (10); i.e., on the main Moscow-Yaroslav road, admission being granted on the showing of a plant pass which was periodically renewed. 25X1 Plant 88 had been a long-established gun factory when, in 1941, the factory's installations were removed "somewhere beyond the Urals". the factory's labor force to be between 6,000 and 8,000: 25X1 only one shift was worked. (12) A railway siding on which the A-4 firing train

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dark green and it had ten cars.

stood for several months in the summer of 1947. It was painted

25X1

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(13)	3) A small military airfield, appróximately 1 x 1 km. possibly not in	use.	5X1
	On the northern edge of the airfield were a few wooden barracks who		25 X 1
(14)	4) Railway station Podlipki. there is no community the name of Podlipki. Podlipki is merely the name of the railway swhich serves Kaliningrad, the center of which is approximately 2 or to the south.	tation	
	The Podlipki railway station is a wooden structure with a ticket of a restaurant, and a barber shop. There are wooden platforms on bot sides of the line, with a wooden bridge leading over the tracks. It is no railway repair workshop. South of the line, near the two or sidings indicated on the sketch, is a dump (approximately 150 meter of material dismantled in and brought from Germany, such as sheet me pipes, steel girders, etc.	th There three rs long)	
	Little more than a path leads from the Podlipki railway station to Kaliningrad, a modern town with a large n blocks of apartments. Built of concrete and whitewashed, with shee roofs, these settlements are very prominent within a wooded area. storied, they look unusual for the USSR, as all the apartments have Kaliningrad is a town of approximately 15,000 inhabitants and has s schools, a large hospital, and some fairly well-run restaurants.	t-metal Three- balconies.	25 X 1
(15)	The railway station of Bolshevo is similar to that of Podlinki.	25	5 X 1
(16)	Two metallurgical factories Both of them were surrounded by high wooden Outside one of them was a large white statue of Lenin.	walls.	25 X 1
(17)	7) Multi-storied, concrete barracks accommodating perhaps one regiment troops. Among these was an unusual number of officers.	of	
	Though the area was closed in by a wooden wall, the Germans who pas place twice a day on a bus had a glimpse once or twice of an object (covered by a tarpaulin) which looked to them like a V-2 guided mis and they therefore jumped to the conclusion that the troops station the barracks were undergoing training on guided missiles.	sile	
	The Moscow-Volga Canal, way in the accepted sense of the word, i.e., used for navigation. at least in the Kaliningrad/Bolshevo area the water flow pipes possibly laid on level ground, and they are covered over by each integration of approximately 4 meters. The mound thus formed is approximately 12 meters wide at the base and approximately on top. The mound is covered with vegetation, and the road from Posto Bolshevo (see (6) above) leads over it. Armed guards could be sepatrolling the "canal"; they appeared to be soldiers of the Armed Forces.	ws through arth to a 25 meters 25 dlipki een	25X1 25X1 5X1 5X1
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-5-Sketch of the Area Kaliningrad/Bolshevo, 20-25 kms Northeast of Moscow

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